

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

36X CBC6 (batch A)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: COPPER-BERYLLIUM ALLOY (WROUGHT)
Form and Size: Disc 40mm diameter
Manufactured by: Luvata, Finland
Certified and Supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	Be	Co	Ni	Si	P	Fe	Al
Value ¹	0.507	1.045	1.132	0.0263	0.0016	0.0243	0.0490
Uncertainty ²	0.006	0.008	0.011	0.0009	0.0002	0.0007	0.0007

Element	Sn	Pb	Zn	Mg	Zr	Ag	Cu
Value ¹	0.0041	0.0014	0.0010	0.0070	0.0553	0.0015	97.11
Uncertainty ²	0.0005	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0015	0.0002	0.05

Definitions

- ¹ The certified values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- ² The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED


C Eveleighon 28th December 2017

Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial wrought barstock. The detailed metallurgical history of this material is unknown.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the bar. Approximately 10% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

Homogeneity

Samples representative of the batch were checked for uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer. From the test data, through-batch variation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any minor compositional variation (as determined for the specific sample size and other limitations of the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of compositional variation of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, described above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials.

Of the individual results herein, some have traceability (to the mole) via primary analytical methods. Some are traceable to substances of known stoichiometry. Most have traceability via commercial solutions. Furthermore, some results have additional traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

Usage

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use: Copper alloys are generally prepared by machining on a mill or a lathe. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight

Sample	Be	Co	Ni	Si	P	Fe	Al
1	0.4886	1.019	1.097	0.0241	0.0011	0.0229	0.0474
2	0.4900	1.028	1.105	0.0245	0.0012	0.0232	0.0482
3	0.4960	1.029	1.113	0.0250	0.0015	0.0234	0.0484
4	0.4997	1.037	1.119	0.0251	0.0015	0.0235	0.0485
5	0.5000	1.038	1.120	0.0253	0.0016	0.0237	0.0487
6	0.5024	1.041	1.122	0.0256	0.0016	0.0241	0.0488
7	0.5068	1.042	1.133	0.0259	0.0017	0.0242	0.0489
8	0.5094	1.042	1.135	0.0259	0.0017	0.0242	0.0490
9	0.5130	1.047	1.139	0.0262	0.0017	0.0244	0.0491
10	0.5140	1.048	1.141	0.0263	0.0021	0.0248	0.0492
11	0.5155	1.052	1.142	0.0271		0.0252	0.0502
12	0.5196	1.056	1.143	0.0276		0.0254	0.0503
13	0.5210	1.060	1.150	0.0278		0.0255	0.0506
14	0.5220	1.060	1.152	0.0286		0.0256	
15		1.070	1.169	0.0288			
Mean	0.5070	1.045	1.132	0.0263	0.0016	0.0243	0.0490
Std Dev	0.0111	0.014	0.019	0.0014	0.0003	0.0009	0.0009
C_(95%)	0.0064	0.008	0.011	0.0008	0.0002	0.0005	0.0005

Sample	Sn	Pb	Zn	Mg	Zr	Ag	Cu
1	0.0033	0.0009	0.0006	0.0064	0.0523	0.0009	97.014
2	0.0034	0.0010	0.0008	0.0064	0.0525	0.0011	97.044
3	0.0035	0.0011	0.0009	0.0067	0.0534	0.0013	97.096
4	0.0035	0.0014	0.0009	0.0069	0.0539	0.0013	97.103
5	0.0037	0.0014	0.0010	0.0069	0.0540	0.0013	97.125
6	0.0037	0.0014	0.0010	0.0070	0.0565	0.0015	97.150
7	0.0038	0.0015	0.0011	0.0071	0.0565	0.0016	97.150
8	0.0041	0.0015	0.0012	0.0072	0.0566	0.0016	97.170
9	0.0042	0.0016	0.0013	0.0072	0.0570	0.0016	
10	0.0043	0.0016		0.0073	0.0570	0.0017	
11	0.0047	0.0017		0.0073	0.0584	0.0017	
12	0.0048	0.0017		0.0073		0.0017	
13	0.0050	0.0017		0.0078		0.0018	
14	0.0051						
Mean	0.0041	0.0014	0.0010	0.0070	0.0553	0.0015	97.107
Std Dev	0.0006	0.0003	0.0002	0.0004	0.0021	0.0003	0.054
C_(95%)	0.0004	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.0014	0.0002	0.045

Note: C_(95%) is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

$$C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD) / \sqrt{n}$$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Exova Ltd	Middlesbrough, England	UKAS accreditation 0239
Sheffield Analytical Services	Sheffield, England	UKAS accreditation 0012
Anchorcert Analytical	Birmingham, England	UKAS accreditation 0667
Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty Ltd	Milperra, NSW, Australia	NATA accreditation 0492
Shanghai Jinyi Test Tech Co	Shanghai, China	CNAS accreditation L0041
Luo Yang Copper	Luo Yang, He Nan, China	CNAL accreditation 0173
Shandong Metallurgical & Science Research	Jinan, Shandong, China	CNAS accreditation 1461
Genitest, Inc	Montreal, Canada	PJ accreditation L17-153
Raghavendra Spectromet Laboratory	Bangalore, India	NABL accreditation 0371
TCR Engineering Services Ltd	Mumbai, India	NABL accreditation 0367
Tec-Eurolab	Campogalliano, Italy	ACCREDIA accreditation 52
Institute of Non-Ferrous Metals	Gliwice, Poland	PCA accreditation AB274
Mineral & Metallurgical Laboratories	Bangalore, India	
INCDMNR-IMNR	Pantelimon, Romania	
AMG Superalloys UK Ltd	Rotherham, England	
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd	Birmingham, England	
Analyticka Laborator Lithea sro	Brno, Czech Republic	

Note: to achieve the above accreditation (UKAS, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD			
	ICP-AES	FAAS		OTHER
Beryllium	2, 4, 6-12, 14	1, 3, 5	13	gravimetric (cupferron)
Cobalt	1, 2, 4, 6, 8-14	3, 5, 15	7	gravimetric (N benzoyl PH)
Nickel	1-3, 5-7, 9, 11, 13, 14	4, 10, 15	8	photometric (dimethyl glyoxime)
Silicon	2, 4, 6-8, 11-15	-	12	gravimetric (dimethyl glyoxime)
			1, 9	photometric (molybdenum blue)
Phosphorus	2-4, 8-10	-	3, 5, 10	gravimetric (perchloric acid)
			1, 5-7	photometric (molybdenum yellow)
Iron	1-5, 8-12, 14	6	7, 13	photometric (orthophenanthroline)
Aluminium	2, 4-9, 12, 13	1, 3	10	gravimetric (oxide)
			11	photometric (chrome azurol S)
Tin	1-3, 6-8, 10-14	4, 5	9	photometric (phenylfluorone)
Lead	1-5, 8, 9, 11, 12	6, 7, 10, 13		
Zinc	2-5, 7-9	1, 6		
Magnesium	1-3, 5, 7-13	4, 6		
Zirconium	1-5, 7-9	6, 11	10	gravimetric
Silver	2, 3, 6-13	1, 4, 5		
Copper	8	-	1, 3-5	volumetric (thiosulfate)
			2, 6, 7	electrogravimetric

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified, wherever possible, in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34, ISO Guide 31 and ISO Guide 35, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

This certification is applicable to the whole of the disc. However, in accordance with normal practice for emission spectrometry, it is appropriate to avoid usage of the centre of the disc, ~8 mm diameter.

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. Technical support for this certification will therefore expire in December 2037, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This sample is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.