



# Safety Data Sheet - Version 5.0

Preparation Date 10/6/2015

Latest Revision Date (If Revised)

## 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1 Product Identifier

Chemical Name N-Phenyl-p-phenylenediamine(p-Anilinoaniline)

Catalogue # A663390

### 1.2 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

Product Uses To be used only for scientific research and development. Not for use in humans or animals.

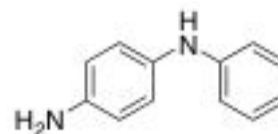
### 1.3 Details of the Supplier of the Safety Data Sheet

Company Toronto Research Chemicals  
2 Brisbane Road  
Toronto, ON M3J 2J8  
CANADA

Telephone +14166659696

FAX +14166654439

Email orders.trc@lqcgroup.com



### 1.4 Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency# +1(416) 665-9696 between 0800-1700 (GMT-5)

## 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1/2.2 Classification of the Substance or Mixture and Label Elements

#### GHS Hazards Classification (According to EU Regulation 1272/2008 and US OSHA 1910.1200)

Acute Toxicity, Oral (Category 4)

Eye Damage/Irritation (Category 2A)

Sensitisation, Skin (Category 1)

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment, Acute Hazard (Category 1)

Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment, Long-Term Hazard (Category 1)

#### GHS Hazards Identification (According to EU Regulation 1272/2008 and US OSHA 1910.1200)

Signal Word Warning



#### GHS Hazard Statements

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### GHS Precautionary Statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P305/P351/P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

### 2.3 Unclassified Hazards/Hazards Not Otherwise Classified

No data available.

### 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.1 Substances

**Molecular Formula:** C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub>

**Molecular Weight:** 184.24

**CAS Registry #:** 101-54-2

**EC#:** 202-951-9

#### Synonyms

(4-(Phenylamino)phenyl)amine; 4-(N-Phenylamino)aniline; 4-(Phenylamino)aniline; 4-Amino-N-phenylaniline; 4-Aminodiphenylamine; 4-Anilinoaniline; 4-Anilinophenylamine; 4ADPA; Azoic Diazo Component 22; C.I. 76085; C.I. Developer 15; C.I. Oxidation Base 2; Diphenyl Black; Luxan Black R; N,4'-Bianiline; N-(4-Aminophenyl)aniline; N-Phenyl-1,4-benzenediamine; N-Phenyl-1,4-phenylenediamine; N-Phenyl-p-aminoaniline; NSC 3401; NSC 37074; Peltol BR; Peltol BR II; S 789; Semidine; Semidine; p-(Phenylamino)aniline; p-Aminodiphenylamine; p-Semidine

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Not a mixture.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of First Aid Measures

##### General Advice

If medical attention is required, show this safety data sheet to the doctor.

##### If Inhaled

If inhaled, move person to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a physician.

##### In Case of Skin Contact

Wash affected area with soap and water. Consult a physician if any exposure symptoms are observed.

##### In Case of Eye Contact

Immediately rinse eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

##### If Swallowed

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting unless advised to do so by a physician or Poison Control Center. Seek medical attention.

#### 4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

May cause cyanosis. Absorption into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin which in sufficient concentration causes cyanosis. Onset may be delayed 2 to 4 hours or longer. Symptoms include: elevated blood pressure, dizziness, tremors, convulsions, coma, dermatitis.

#### 4.3 Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No data available.

### 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing Media

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

#### 5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture

Carbon oxides, Nitrogen oxides

#### 5.3 Advice for Firefighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary. Use personal protection equipment.

#### 5.4 Further Information

No data available.

### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### Personal precautions

Wear respiratory protection. Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing vapours, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

#### Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains.

#### Method and materials for containment and cleaning up

Pick up and arrange disposal without creating dust. Sweep up and shovel. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols.  
Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.  
Keep in a dry place.

Storage conditions: 4°C

### 7.3 Specific End Uses

For scientific research and development only. Not for use in humans or animals.

## 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1 Control Parameters

Contains no components with established occupational exposure limits.

### 8.2 Exposure Controls

#### Appropriate Engineering Controls

A laboratory fumehood or other appropriate form of local exhaust ventilation should be used to avoid exposure.

#### Personal Protective Equipment

All recommendations below are advisory in nature and a risk assessment should be performed by the employer/end user prior to use of this product. The type of protective equipment must be selected based on the amount and concentration of the dangerous material being used in the workplace.

#### Eye/Face Protection

Safety goggles or face shield. All equipment should have been tested and approved under appropriate standards, such as NIOSH (US), CSA (Canada), or EN 166 (EU).

#### Skin Protection

Gloves should be used when handling this material. Gloves are to be inspected prior to use. Contaminated gloves are to be removed using proper glove removal technique so that the outer surface of the glove does not contact bare skin. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in compliance with good laboratory practices and local requirements.

Gloves used for incidental exposures (splash protection) should be designated as "chemical resistant" by EU standard EN 374 with the resistance codes corresponding to the anticipated use of the material. Unrated gloves are not recommended.

Suggested gloves: AnsellPro Sol-Vex nitrile gloves style 37-175, 15 mil thickness.

Penetration time has not been determined.

Gloves used for prolonged direct exposure (immersion) should be designated "chemical resistant" as per EN 374 with the resistance codes corresponding to the anticipated use of the material.

Suggested gloves: AnsellPro Viton/Butyl gloves style 38-612, 4/8 mil thickness.

Penetration time has not been determined.

These recommendations may not apply if the material is mixed with any other chemical, or dissolved into a solution. A risk assessment must be performed to ensure the gloves will still offer acceptable protection.

#### Body Protection

Fire resistant (Nomex) lab coat or coveralls.

#### Respiratory Protection

Recommended respirators are NIOSH-approved N100 or CEN-approved FFP3 particulate respirators. These are to be only used as a backup to local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls. If the respirator is the only means of protection, a full-face supplied air respirator must be used.

## 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

#### A) Appearance

Dark Grey to Black Solid

#### B) Odour

No data available

#### C) Odour Threshold

No data available

#### D) pH

No data available

#### E) Melting Point/Freezing Point

No Data Available

#### F) Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range

No data available

**G) Flash point**  
193 °C (379 °F) - closed cup

**I) Flammability (Solid/Gas)**  
No data available

**K) Vapour Pressure**  
No data available

**M) Relative Density**  
1.09 g/cm<sup>3</sup> at 20 °C (68 °F)

**O) Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water**  
No data available

**Q) Decomposition Temperature**  
No data available

**S) Explosive Properties**  
No data available

**H) Evaporation Rate**  
No data available

**J) Upper/Lower Flammability/Explosive Limits**  
No data available

**L) Vapour Density**  
No data available

**N) Solubility**  
Chloroform (Slightly), DMSO (Slightly), Methanol (Slightly)

**P) Auto-Ignition Temperature**  
No data available

**R) Viscosity**  
No data available

**T) Oxidizing Properties**  
No data available

**9.2 Other Information**  
no data available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1 Reactivity**  
No data available.

**10.2 Chemical Stability**  
Stable under recommended storage conditions.

**10.3 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions**  
No data available.

**10.4 Conditions to Avoid**  
No data available.

**10.5 Incompatible Materials**  
Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids.

**10.6 Hazardous Decomposition Products**  
In the event of fire: See section 5. Other decomposition products: No data available.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

#### A) Acute Toxicity

Oral LD<sub>50</sub>: Rat - 464 mg/kg

Inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>: No data available.

Dermal LD<sub>50</sub>: No data available.

#### B) Skin Corrosion/Irritation

No data available

#### C) Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Moderate eye irritant.

#### D) Respiratory or Skin Sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### E) Germ Cell Mutagenicity

No data available

#### F) Carcinogenicity

No data available

#### G) Reproductive Toxicity/Teratogenicity

No data available

#### H) Single Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

No data available

#### I) Single Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

No data available

#### J) Aspiration Hazard

No data available

#### K) Potential Health Effects and Routes of Exposure

##### Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. Causes respiratory tract irritation.

##### Ingestion

Toxic if swallowed.

**Skin**

May be harmful if absorbed through skin. Causes skin irritation.

**Eyes**

Causes eye irritation.

**L) Signs and Symptoms of Exposure**

May cause cyanosis. Absorption into the body leads to the formation of methemoglobin which in sufficient concentration causes cyanosis. Onset may be delayed 2 to 4 hours or longer. Symptoms include: elevated blood pressure, dizziness, tremors, convulsions, coma, dermatitis.

To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties of this material have not been thoroughly investigated.

**M) Additional Information**

RTECS: ST3150000

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION****12.1 Toxicity**

**Toxicity to fish:** static test LC50 - Danio rerio (zebra fish) - 1.17 mg/l - 96 h

**Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:** semi-static test EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 0.29 mg/l - 48 h

**Toxicity to algae:** static test EC50 - Desmodesmus subspicatus (Scenedesmus subspicatus) - 3.75 mg/l - 3 d

**Toxicity to bacteria:** respiration inhibition EC50 - Pseudomonas putida - 511 mg/l - 30 h

**12.2 Persistence and Degradability**

aerobic

Result: 8 % - Not biodegradable.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301D

**12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential**

No data available.

**12.4 Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment**

No data available.

**12.6 Other Adverse Effects**

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS****13.1 Waste Treatment Methods****A) Product**

Product may be burned in an incinerator equipped with afterburner and scrubber. Excess and expired materials are to be offered to a licensed hazardous material disposal company. Ensure that all Federal and Local regulations regarding the disposal and destruction of this material are followed.

**B) Contaminated Packaging**

Dispose of as above.

**C) Other Considerations**

Product is not to be disposed of in sanitary sewers, storm sewers, or landfills.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION****14.1 UN Number**

DOT (US): UN3077

IATA: UN3077

IMDG: UN3077

ADR/RID: UN3077

**14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name**

DOT (US)/IATA:

Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s. (N-(4-Aminophenyl)aniline)

IMDG/ARD/RID:

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (N-(4-Aminophenyl)aniline)

**14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)**

DOT (US): 9

IATA: 9

IMDG: 9

ADR/RID: 9

**14.4 Packing Group**

DOT (US): III

IATA: III

IMDG: III

ADR/RID: III

**14.5 Environmental Hazards**

DOT (US): None

IATA: None

IMDG: Marine pollutant

ADR/RID: None

**14.6 Special Precautions for User**

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

This safety data sheet complies with the requirements of WHMIS (Canada), OSHA 1910.1200 (US), and EU Regulation EC No. 1907/2006 (European Union).

**15.1 Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture****A) Canada**

**DSL/NDSL Status:** This product or a component of this product is registered on the Canadian DSL/NDSL.

**B) United States**

**TSCA Status:** This product or a component is listed on the US EPA TSCA.

**C) European Union**

**ECHA Status:** This product or a component is registered with the EU ECHA.

**15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment**

No data available

**16. OTHER INFORMATION****16.1 Revision History**

Original Publication Date: 10/6/2015

**16.2 List of Abbreviations**

|       |                                                                                       |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LD50  | Median lethal dose of a substance required to kill 50% of a test population.          |
| LC50  | Medial lethal concentration of a substance required to kill 50% of a test population. |
| LDLo  | Lowest known lethal dose                                                              |
| TDLo  | Lowest known toxic dose                                                               |
| IARC  | International Agency for Research on Cancer                                           |
| NTP   | National Toxicology Program                                                           |
| RTECS | Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances                                      |

**16.3 Further Information**

Copyright 2015. Toronto Research Chemicals Inc. Copies may be made for internal use only. The above information is believed to be correct to the best of our knowledge, but is to be only used as a guide. To the best of our knowledge, the chemical, physical, and toxicological properties have not been thoroughly investigated. Please take all due care when handling this product.