

ISO 17025

Certificate of Analysis

Characterisation methods are accredited according to

Reference Material Product name N-(6-Methyl-2-pyridyl)-4-hydroxy-2-methyl-2H-1,2benzothiazine-3-carboxamide 1,1-Dioxide н **Product code** Lot number MM0084.21-0025 W1187410 **CAS** number Appearance 36392-64-0 beige solid Molecular weight Melting point 345.37 192 °C (dec.) Molecular formula Long-term storage $C_{16}H_{15}N_{3}O_{4}S$ 2 to 8 °C, dark Assay¹ "as is' Uncertainty² U 99.6 % 0.4 % Intended Use: Use for identification and quantification. The assay is verified by a second testing method.

Date of shipment:

08 Nov 2021

Producer confirms that this reference material (RM) meets the specification detailed on this Certificate of Analysis for **two years** from the date of shipment, provided the substance is stored under the recommended conditions unopened in the original container.

Release by: Date of Release:	0	
Dr. Sabine Schröder Luckenwalde, 29 Oct 2021	Joia	Product Release

¹ Calibration and verification were carried out/using standards traceable to SI-units. The value is expressed on an "as is" basis.

² The uncertainty "U" is the expanded uncertainty of the testing method for the assigned value estimated in accordance with the Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM). It corresponds to a level of confidence of about 95%. Coverage factor k =2.

Organisation certified to ISO 9001 | DQS 102448 and GMP (EXCiPACTTM) Test methods used for characterisation are accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 | DAkkS D-PL-14176-01-00

Producer: LGC GmbH Louis-Pasteur-Str. 30 D-14943 Luckenwalde Germany www.lgcstandards.com Page 1/8



Product information

This RM is intended for laboratory use only and is not suitable for human or animal consumption. This RM conforms to the characteristics of a primary standard as described in the ICH Guidelines. The values quoted in this Certificate of Analysis are the producer's best estimate of the true values within the stated uncertainties and based on the techniques described in this Certificate of Analysis. The characterisation of this material was undertaken in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. The identity is verified by data from international scientific literature.

Storage and handling

Before usage of the RM, it should be allowed to warm to room temperature. No drying is required, as assigned values are already corrected for the content of water and other volatile materials.

Reference Material quality is controlled by regularly performed quality control tests (retests).

Further content

Assigned value Purity Identity Revision table



Assigned value

Assay "as is": 99.62 %; U = 0.36 %

The assay "as is" is assessed by carbon titration of elemental analysis and is equivalent to the assay based on the not-anhydrous and not-dried substance. The assay is verified by 100% method (mass balance). The verified result lies inside our acceptance criteria, i.e. less than 1.0 % difference to assay assigning technique.

For quantitative applications, use the assay as a calculation value on the "as is basis". The uncertainty of the assay can be used for estimation/calculation of measurement uncertainty.

Method 1: Value assigning technique - ca	rbon titration of elemental analysis
Method	percentage carbon found in relation to percentage carbon
	as calculated for molecular formula
Result (mass fraction, n = 3)	99.62 %; V = 0.36 %

 Method 2: Value verifying technique - 100% method

 100% method (mass balance) with

 chromatographic purity by HPLC

 Result

The calculation of the 100% method follows the formula:

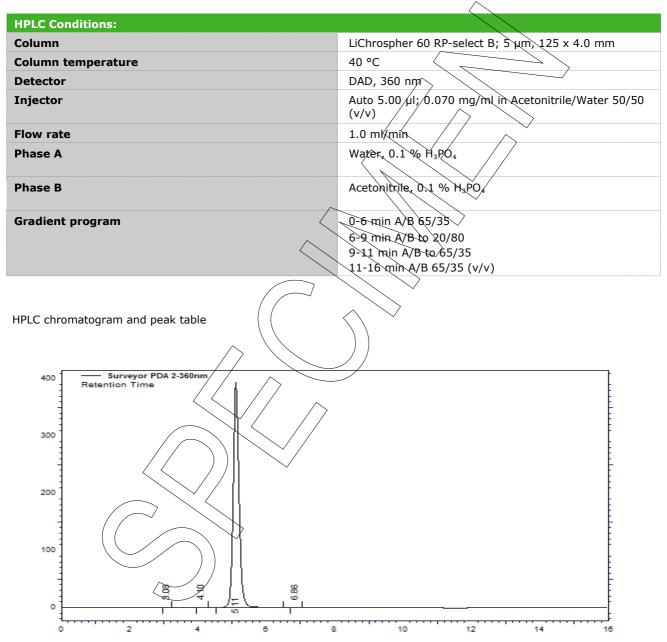
Purity (%) Assay (%) = (100 % - volatile contents (%))100 %

Volatile contents are considered as absolute contributions and purity is considered as relative contribution. Inorganic residues are excluded by additional tests.



Purity

Purity by High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)





Area percent report - sorted by signal			
Pk #	Retention time	Area	Area %
1	3.08	563	0.01
2	4.10	3658	0.08
3	5.11	4619259	99.89
4	6.86	1011	0.02
Totals		4624491	100.00

The content of the analyte was determined as ratio of the peak area of the analyte and the cumulative areas of the purities, added up to 100 %. System peaks were ignored in calculation.

Result (n = 3)	99.88 %; U = 0.19 %			
Volatile content				
Water content				
Method	Kapl Fischer titration			
Result (n = 3)	$0.05 \%^*; SD \neq 0.01 \%$			
*not accredited testing method				
Residual solvents				
Method				
Result (n = 1)	Sum: 0.91 %*			
	0,52 % <i>n</i> -Hexane; 0.39 % Dichloromethane			
*not accredited testing method Inorganic residues				
	·			
Method: Elementary analysis				

Inorganic residues can be excluded by elementary analysis (CHN).



Identity

The identity is assessed by ISO/IEC 17025 accredited testing methods.





