

¹ Calibration and verification were carcied out using standards traceable to SI-units. The value is expressed on an "as is" basis.

² The uncertaint, "U" is the expanded uncertainty of the testing method for the assigned value estimated in accordance with the Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM). It corresponds to a level of confidence of about 95%. Coverage factor k = 2.

Organisation certified to ISO 9001 | DQS 102448 and GMP (EXCiPACT) Test methods used for characterisation are accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 | DAkkS D-PL-14176-01-00

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Product information

This RM is intended for laboratory use only and is not suitable for human or animal consumption. This RM conforms to the characteristics of a primary standard as described in the ICH Guidelines. The values quoted in this Certificate of Analysis are the producer's best estimate of the true values within the stated uncertainties and based on the techniques described in this Certificate of Analysis. The characterisation of this material was undertaken in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. The identity is verified by data from international scientific literature.

Storage and handling

Before usage of the RM, it should be allowed to warm to room temperature. No drying is required, as assigned values are already corrected for the content of water and other volatile materials.

Reference Material quality is controlled by regularly performed quality control tests (retests).

Further content

Assigned value Purity Identity Revision table



Assigned value

Assay "as is": 98.95 %; U = 0.65 %

The assay "as is" is assessed by carbon titration of elemental analysis and is equivalent to the assay based on the not-anhydrous and not-dried substance. The assay is verified by 100% method (mass balance). The verified result lies inside our acceptance criteria, i.e. less than 1.0 % difference to assay assigning technique.

For quantitative applications, use the assay as a calculation value on the "as is basis". The uncertainty of the assay can be used for estimation/calculation of measurement uncertainty.

Method 1: Value assigning technique - carb	on titration of elemental analysis	
Method	percentage carbon found in relation to percentage carbon as calculated for molecular formula	
Result (mass fraction, n = 3)	98.95 %; U = 0.65 %	
Method 2: Value verifying technique - 100%	6 mothod	
	6 Includu	
100% method (mass balance) with chromatographic purity by HPLC		
Result	98.97 %	

Purity (%)

100 %

The calculation of the 100% method follows the formula:

Assay (%) = (100 % - volatile contents)

Volatile contents are considered as absolute contributions and purity is considered as relative contribution. Inorganic residues are excluded by additional tests.



Mikromol

Purity

Purity by High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)

LiChrospher 60 RP-select B; 5 µm, 125 x 4.0 mm
40 °C
DAD, 265 nm
Auto 2.00 (II; 0.285 mg/ml in Water
1.0 m//min
Water, $0.1 \% H_3 PO_4$
Acetonitrile, 0.1 % H ₃ PO ₄
0-7 min A/B 95/5
7-12 min A/B to 30/70
12-13 min A/B 30/70
13-20 min A/B to 95/5
20-27 min A/B 95/5 (v/v)



🚾 | Mikromol

Area percent re	port - sorted by signal		
Pk #	Retention time	Area	Area %
1	6.437	0.023	0.03
2	8.670	80.592	99,43
3	10.142	0.006	0,01
4	10.638	0.012	0.02
5	10.822	0.020	0.83
6	10.923	0.012	0.01
7	11.132	0.004	0.01
8	11.785	0.005	0.01
9	12.040	0.348	0.43
10	12.373	0.028	0.04
Totals		81.05	100.00

The content of the analyte was determined as ratio of the peak area of the analyte and the cumulative areas of the purities, added up to 100 %. System peaks were ignored in calculation.

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Result (n = 3)	99.41 %; U = 0.19 %
Volatile content	
Water content	
Method	Karl Fischer titration
Result $(n = 3)$	0.35 %*; SD = 0.01 %
*not accredited testing method	
Residual solvents	
Method	¹ H-NMR
Result (n = 1)	Sum: 0.09 %*
	0.09 % Ethanol

*not accredited testing method



Inorganic residues

Method: Elementary analysis

Inorganic residues can be excluded by elementary analysis (CHN).



Identity

The identity is assessed by ISO/IEC 17025 accredited testing methods.









