

Certificate of Analysis

Characterisation methods are accredited according to

ISO 17025

HCI

Reference Material

Product name

Lofepramine Hydrochloride

Product code
MM3119.00

CAS number
26786-32-3

Molecular weight

Lot number
W1005304

Appearance
greenish solid

Melting point (DSC)

455.42 159 °C

Molecular formula C₂₆H₂₇CIN₂O HCI Long-term storage 2 to 8 °C, dark

Assay¹ "as is"

99.7 %

Uncertainty² U

0.3 %

Intended Use: Use for identification and quantification. The assay is verified by a second testing method.

Date of shipment: 02/Sep 2019

Producer confirms that this reference material (RM) meets the specification detailed on this Certificate of Analysis for **two years** from the date of shipment, provided the substance is stored under the recommended conditions unopened in the original container.

Release by: Date of Release:	0	
Dr. Sabine Schröder Luckenwalde, 06 Aug 2019	Toia	Product Release

¹ Calibration and verification were carcied out using standards traceable to SI-units. The value is expressed on an "as is" basis.

² The uncertainty "U" is the expanded uncertainty of the testing method for the assigned value estimated in accordance with the Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM). It corresponds to a level of confidence of about 95%. Coverage factor k = 2.



Product information

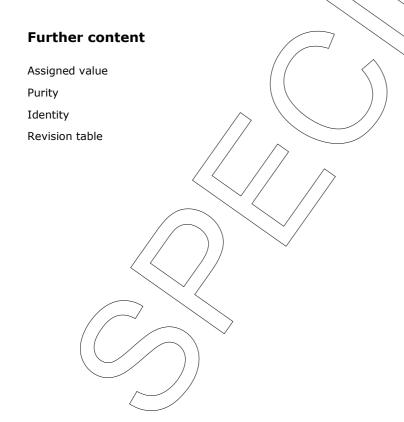
This RM is intended for laboratory use only and is not suitable for human or animal consumption.

This RM conforms to the characteristics of a primary standard as described in the ICH Guidelines. The values quoted in this Certificate of Analysis are the producer's best estimate of the true values within the stated uncertainties and based on the techniques described in this Certificate of Analysis. The characterisation of this material was undertaken in accordance with the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025. The identity is verified by data from international scientific literature.

Storage and handling

Before usage of the RM, it should be allowed to warm to room temperature. No drying is required, as assigned values are already corrected for the content of water and other volatile materials.

Reference Material quality is controlled by regularly performed quality control tests (retests).





Assigned value

Assay "as is": 99.72 %; U = 0.34 %

The assay "as is" is assessed by carbon titration of elemental analysis and is equivalent to the assay based on the not-anhydrous and not-dried substance. The assay is verified by 100% method (mass balance).

The verified result lies inside our acceptance criteria, i.e. less than 1.0 % difference to assay assigning technique.

For quantitative applications, use the assay as a calculation value on the "as is basis". The uncertainty of the assay can be used for estimation/calculation of measurement uncertainty.

Method 1: Value assigning technique - carbon titration of elemental analysis

Method

percentage carbon found in relation to percentage carbon as calculated for molecular formula

Results (mass fraction, n = 3)

99.72 %; U = 0.34 %

Method 2: Value verifying technique - 100% method

100% method (mass balance) with chromatographic purity by HPLC

Result

99.01 %

The calculation of the 100% method follows the formula:

Assay (%) = (100 % - volatile contents (%))

Purity (%)

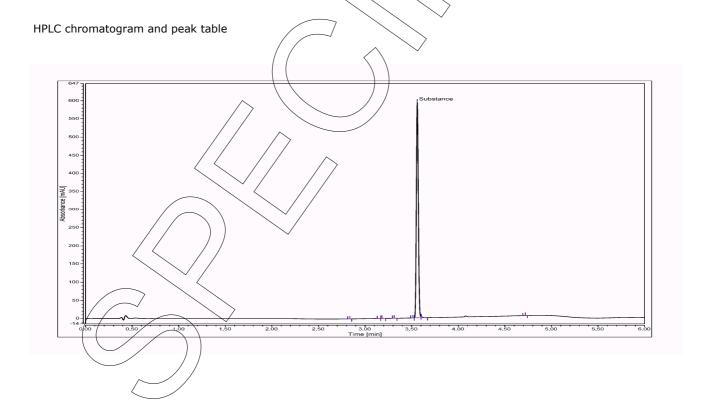
Volatile contents are considered as absolute contributions and purity is considered as relative contribution. Inorganic residues are excluded by additional tests.



Purity

Purity by High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)

Cortecs UPLC C18 + 1.6 μm, 75 x 2.1 mm
40 °C
DAD, 254 nm/
Auto 2 μl; 0.052 mg/ml in Acetonitrile/Water 50/50 (v/v)
0.5 ml/min
Water, 0.1% HCOOH
Acetonitrile, 0.1% HCOOH
0-1 min A/B 98/2
1-4 min-A/B to 2X98
4-5 min-A/B to 98/2
5-6 min A/B 98/2-(v/v)





Area percent repor	t - sorted by signal		
Pk #	Retention time	Area	Area %
1	2.837	0.0024	0.02
2	3.167	0.0084	0.06
3	3.180	0.0238	0.16
4	3.313	0.0119	0.08
5	3.513	0.0065	0.04
6	3.560	14.6056	99.08
7	3.603	0.0621	0.42
8	4.720	0.0202	0.14
Totals		14.7409	100.00

The content of the analyte was determined as ratio of the peak area of the analyte and the cumulative areas of the purities, added up to 100 %. System peaks were ignored in calculation.

Result (n = 3)

99.08 %; U = 0.18 %

Volatile content

W	at	eı	7 (co	n	te	n	t

Method

Karl Fischer titration

Result (n = 3)

0.07 %*; SD = 0.01 %

^{*}not accredited testing method

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Resi			1106	+-
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Method

¹H-NMR

Result (n = 1)

No significant amounts of residual solvents were detected (< 0.05 %).*

^{*}not accredited testing method

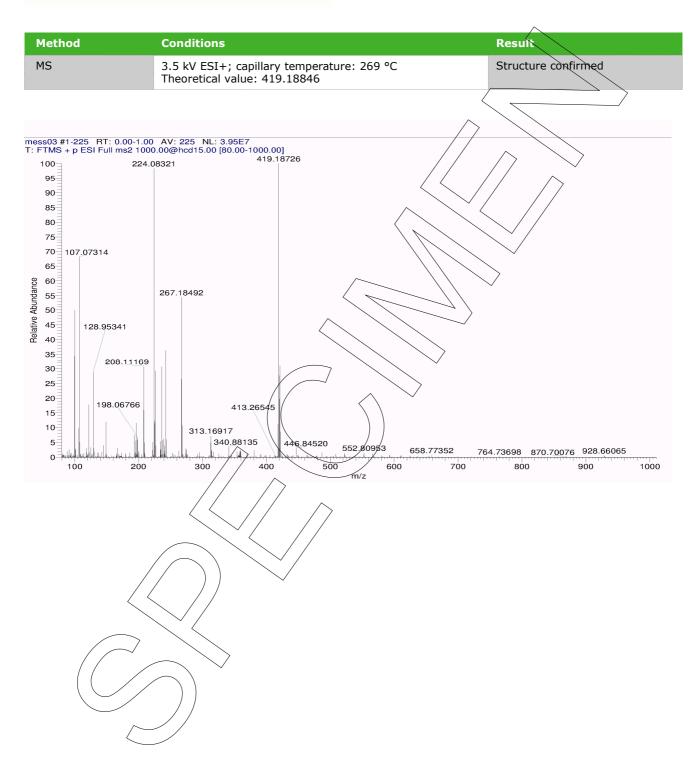


Inorganic residues Method: Elementary analysis Inorganic residues can be excluded by elementary analysis (CHN).



The identity is assessed by ISO/IEC 17025 accredited testing methods. Method Conditions 1H-NMR 400 MHz, CD₃OD Structure confirmed









Product warranties for the RM are set out in the terms and conditions of purchase.