

## Certificate of Analysis

## ISO 17034

### Reference Material

#### Product name

Labetalol Hydrochloride

#### Product code

MM0438.00-0250

#### CAS number

32780-64-6

#### Molecular weight

364.87

#### Molecular formula

C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>24</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> HCl

#### Lot number

G1008842

#### Appearance

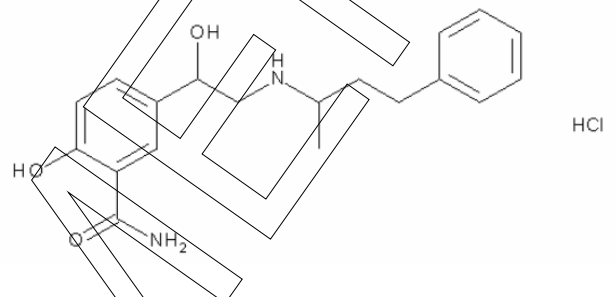
white solid

#### Melting point

186 °C

#### Long-term storage

2 to 8 °C, dark



Assay<sup>1</sup> "as is"  
**99.7 %**

Uncertainty<sup>2</sup> U  
**0.4 %**

**Intended Use:** Use for identification and quantification. The assay is verified by a second testing method. Due to the homogeneity studies, the minimum amount of sample to be used is 10 mg.

Date of shipment: **02 Sep 2019**

Producer confirms that this reference material (RM) meets the specification detailed on this Certificate of Analysis for **two years** from the date of shipment, provided the substance is stored under the recommended conditions unopened in the original container.

<b>Release by:</b>	<b>Date of Release:</b>		Product Release
Dr. Sabine Schröder	Luckenwalde, 23 Aug 2019		

<sup>1</sup> Calibration and verification were carried out using standards traceable to SI-units. The value is expressed on an "as is" basis.

<sup>2</sup> The uncertainty "U" is the expanded uncertainty of the testing method for the assigned value estimated in accordance with the Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM). It corresponds to a level of confidence of about 95%. Coverage factor k = 2.



## Important product information

This RM is intended for laboratory use only and is not suitable for human or animal consumption.

This RM conforms to the characteristics of a primary standard as described in the ICH Guidelines. The values quoted in this Certificate of Analysis are the producer's best estimate of the true values within the stated uncertainties and based on the techniques described in this Certificate of Analysis. The production of this RM was undertaken in accordance with the requirements of ISO 17034. The identity is verified by data from international scientific literature.

## Storage and handling

Before usage of the RM, it should be allowed to warm to room temperature. No drying is required, as assigned values are already corrected for the content of water and other volatile materials.

## Further content

- Assigned value
- Purity
- Identity
- Stability and homogeneity
- Revision table

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## Assigned value

**Assay "as is": 99.72 %; U = 0.41 %**

The assay "as is" is assessed by quantitative NMR spectroscopy and is equivalent to the assay based on the not-anhydrous and not-dried substance. The assay is verified by 100% method (mass balance).

The verified result lies inside our acceptance criteria, i.e. less than 1.0 % difference to assay assigning technique.

For quantitative applications, use the assay as a calculation value on the "as is basis". The uncertainty of the assay can be used for estimation/calculation of measurement uncertainty.

### Method 1: Value assigning technique - quantitative NMR spectroscopy

**Conditions**

400 MHz, CD<sub>3</sub>OD

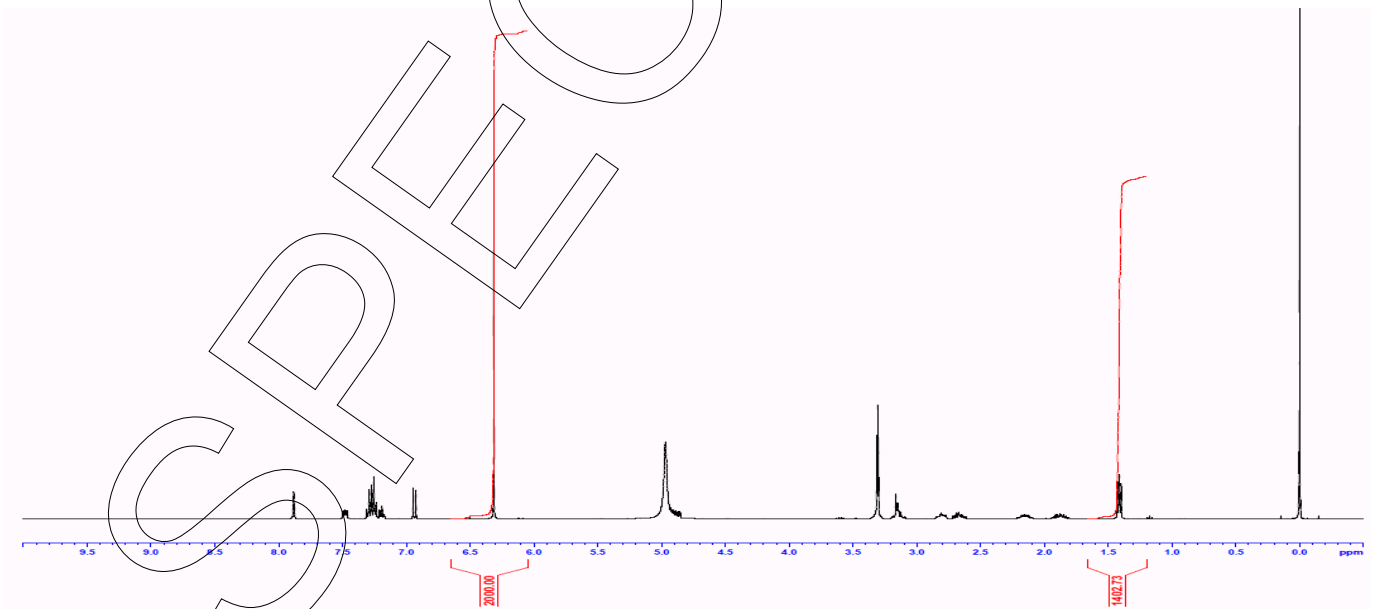
**Internal standard**

Maleic acid (certified reference material), signal 6.1 - 6.7 ppm, 2 H

**Result (mass fraction, n = 6)**

99.72 %; U = 0.41 %

Quantitative NMR spectrum





## Method 2: Value verifying technique - 100% method

**100% method (mass balance) with chromatographic purity by HPLC**

**Result** 99.58 %

The calculation of the 100% method follows the formula:

$$\text{Assay (\%)} = (100 \% - \text{volatile contents (\%)}) * \frac{\text{Purity (\%)}}{100 \%}$$

Volatile contents are considered as absolute contributions and purity is considered as relative contribution. Inorganic residues are excluded by additional tests.

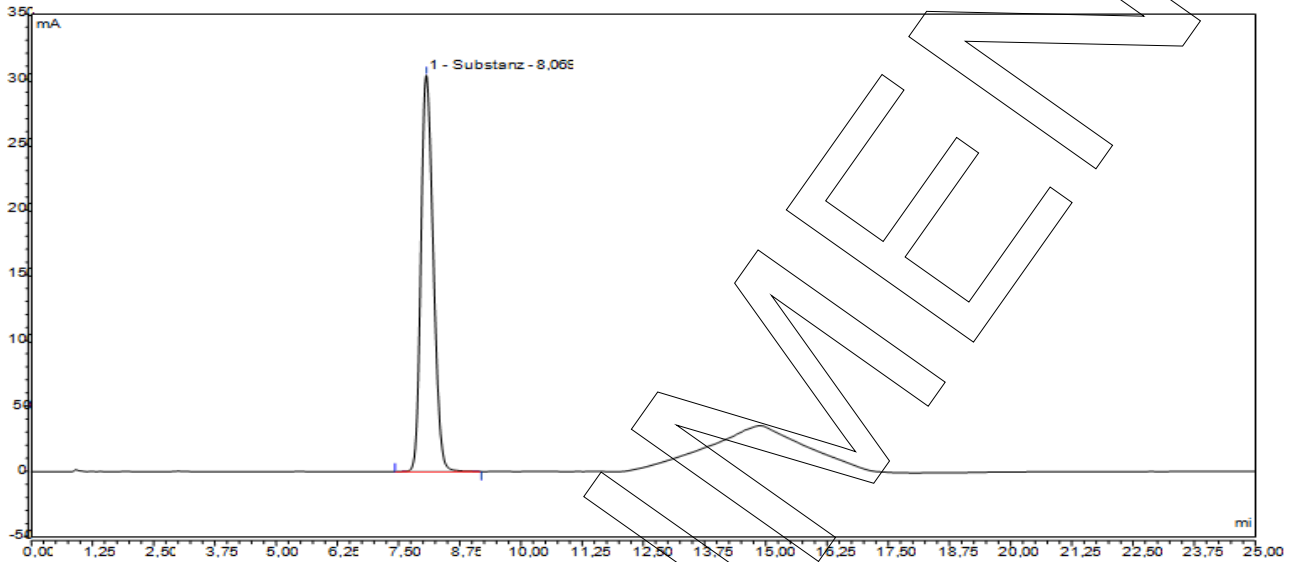
## Purity

### Purity by High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)

HPLC Conditions:	
<b>Column</b>	LiChrospher 60 RP-select B; 5 µm, 125 x 4.0 mm
<b>Column temperature</b>	40 °C
<b>Detector</b>	ØAD, 210 nm
<b>Injector</b>	Auto 2.00 µl; 0.071 mg/ml in Water, 0.1 % H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>
<b>Flow rate</b>	1.0 ml/min
<b>Phase A</b>	Water, 0.1 % H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>
<b>Phase B</b>	Acetonitrile, 0.1 % H <sub>3</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>
<b>Gradient program</b>	0-10 min A/B 80/20 10-13 min A/B to 50/50 13-15 min A/B to 80/20 15-25 min A/B 80/20 (v/v)



## HPLC chromatogram and peak table



### Area percent report - sorted by signal

Pk #	Retention time	Area	Area %
1	8.069	88.708	100.00
<b>Totals</b>		<b>88.708</b>	<b>100.00</b>

The content of the analyte was determined as ratio of the peak area of the analyte and the cumulative areas of the purities, added up to 100 %. System peaks were ignored in calculation.

**Result (n = 6)**

100.00 %; U = 0.18 %

### Volatile content

#### Loss on drying

**Method** 105 °C for 4 h, EP 7.7 (2.2.32)

**Result (n = 3)** 0.42 %; SD = 0.02 %\*

\*not accredited testing method



**Inorganic residues**

**Method:** Sulphated ash, EP 7.7 (2.4.14)

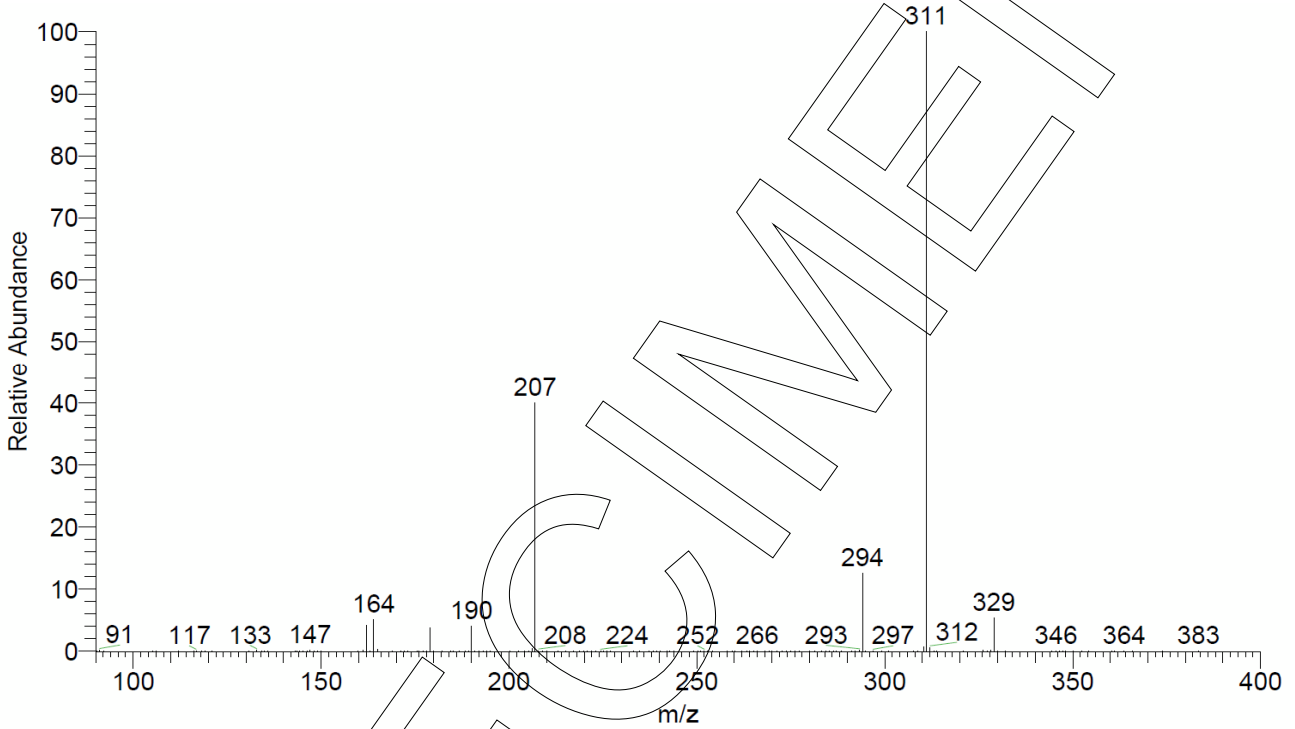
According to the available data, the presence of inorganic impurities in the reference substance other than those detectable by sulphated ash is highly unlikely. Inorganic residues can be excluded by results of the sulphated ash. Therefore, no assay correction was performed for inorganic impurities.

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Method	Conditions	Result
MS	4.5 kV ESI+; vaporization temperature: 200 °C	Structure confirmed

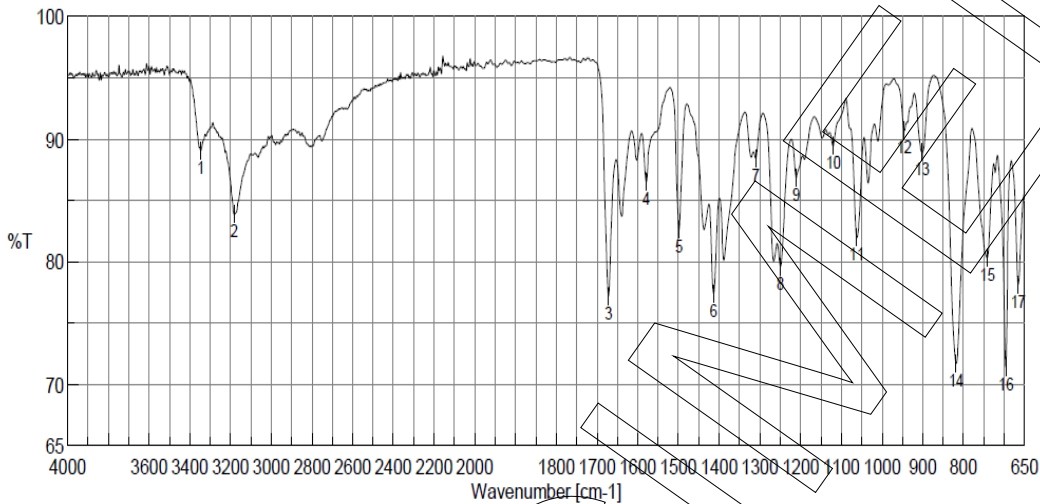


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Method	Conditions	Result
IR	Attenuated Total Reflection Fourier Transform Infrared (ATR-FTIR) Spectroscopy	Structure confirmed



Result of Peak Picking		
No.	Position	Intensity
1	3345.89	89.0439
2	3181.97	83.8357
3	1671.98	77.1932
4	1579.41	86.4698
5	1498.42	82.6142
6	1413.57	77.3773
7	1310.39	88.426
8	1249.65	79.6113
9	1211.08	86.8418
10	1120.44	89.4314
11	1062.59	81.9369
12	945.913	90.6594
13	901.558	88.8968
14	818.634	71.693
15	741.496	80.2905
16	696.177	71.3705
17	666.285	78.1045

## Stability and homogeneity

Accelerated stability studies indicate no significant instability. The given validity period is based on this data. This is backed up by additional stability testing and historical data over the range of several years.

RM quality is controlled by regularly performed quality control tests (re tests). Homogeneity assured by qualified process of preparation and verified by homogeneity testing.

## Revision table

Revision	Date	Reason for revision
00	23 Aug 2019	Release of the Certificate of Analysis - initial version

Product warranties for the RM are set out in the terms and conditions of purchase.